

Regional Competitiveness: A Southeast Perspective

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**UNIVERSITY OF
FLORIDA**

31st Annual Southern Dairy Conference, Atlanta, GA, 2/15/2005



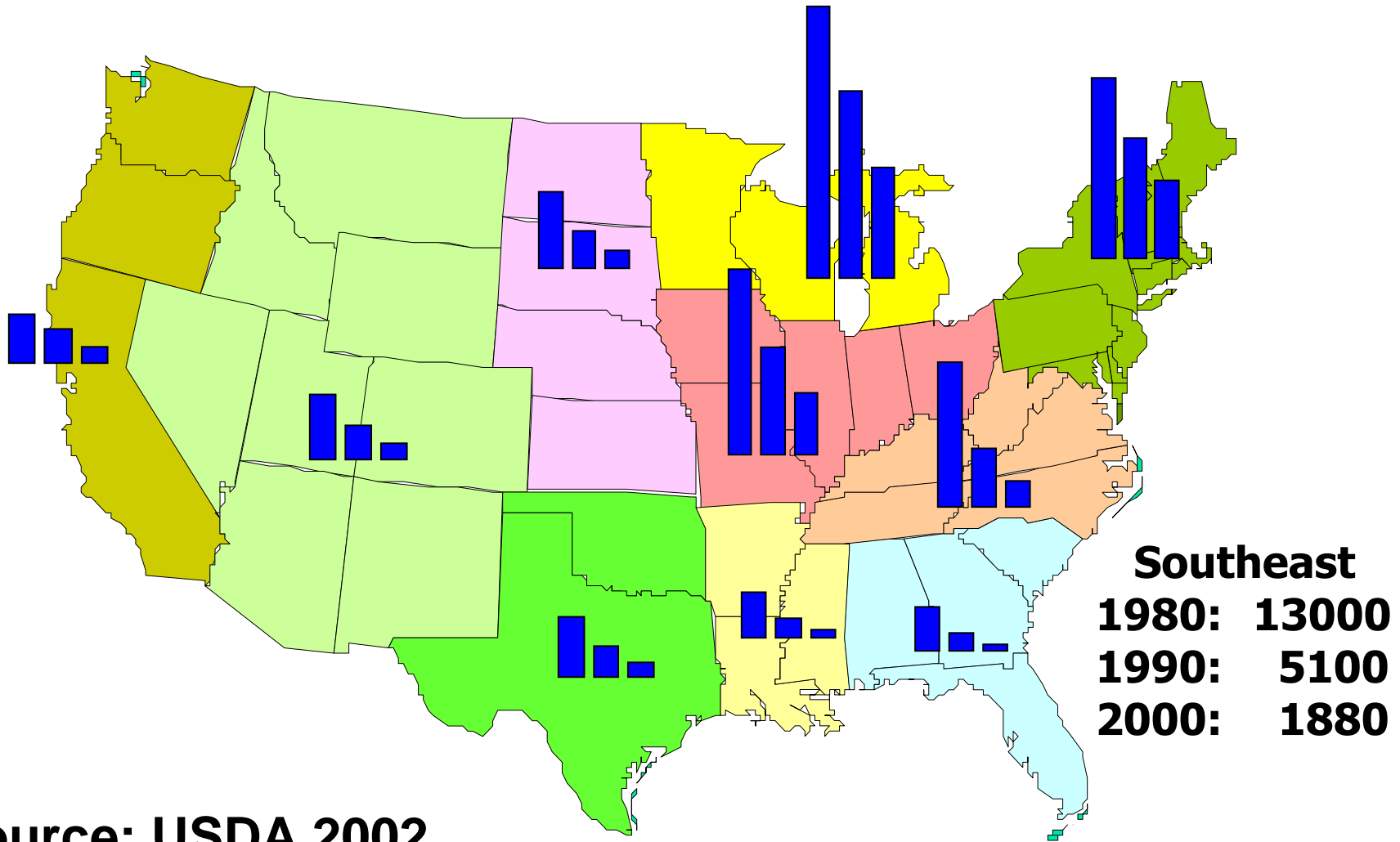
Outline

- **Trends in U.S. dairy production**
- **Comparison milk production economics**
 - **Southeast – other regions in U.S.**
- **What do we need to do?**



Operations with Milk Cows

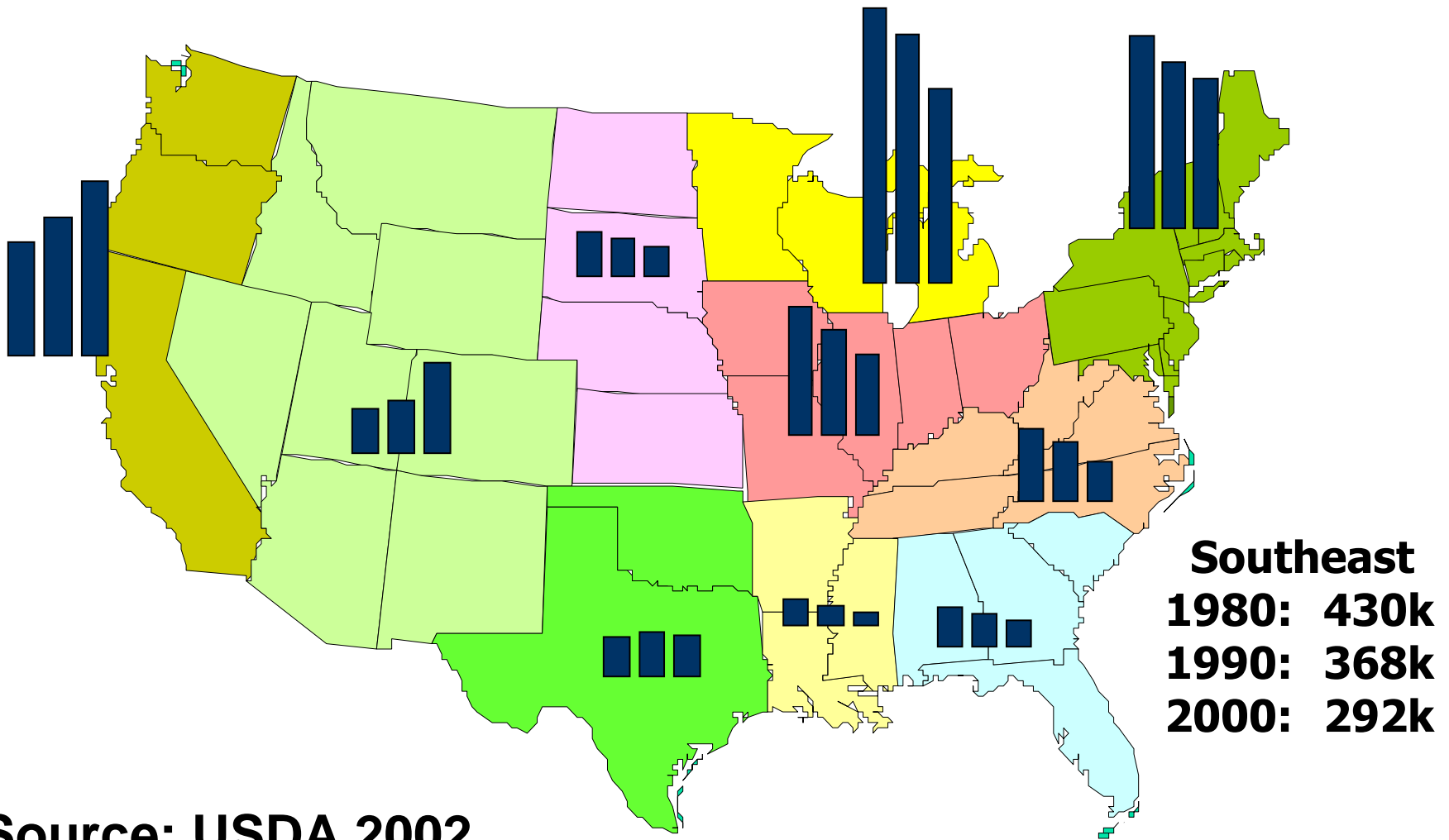
1980, 1990, 2000



Source: USDA 2002

Dairy Cows

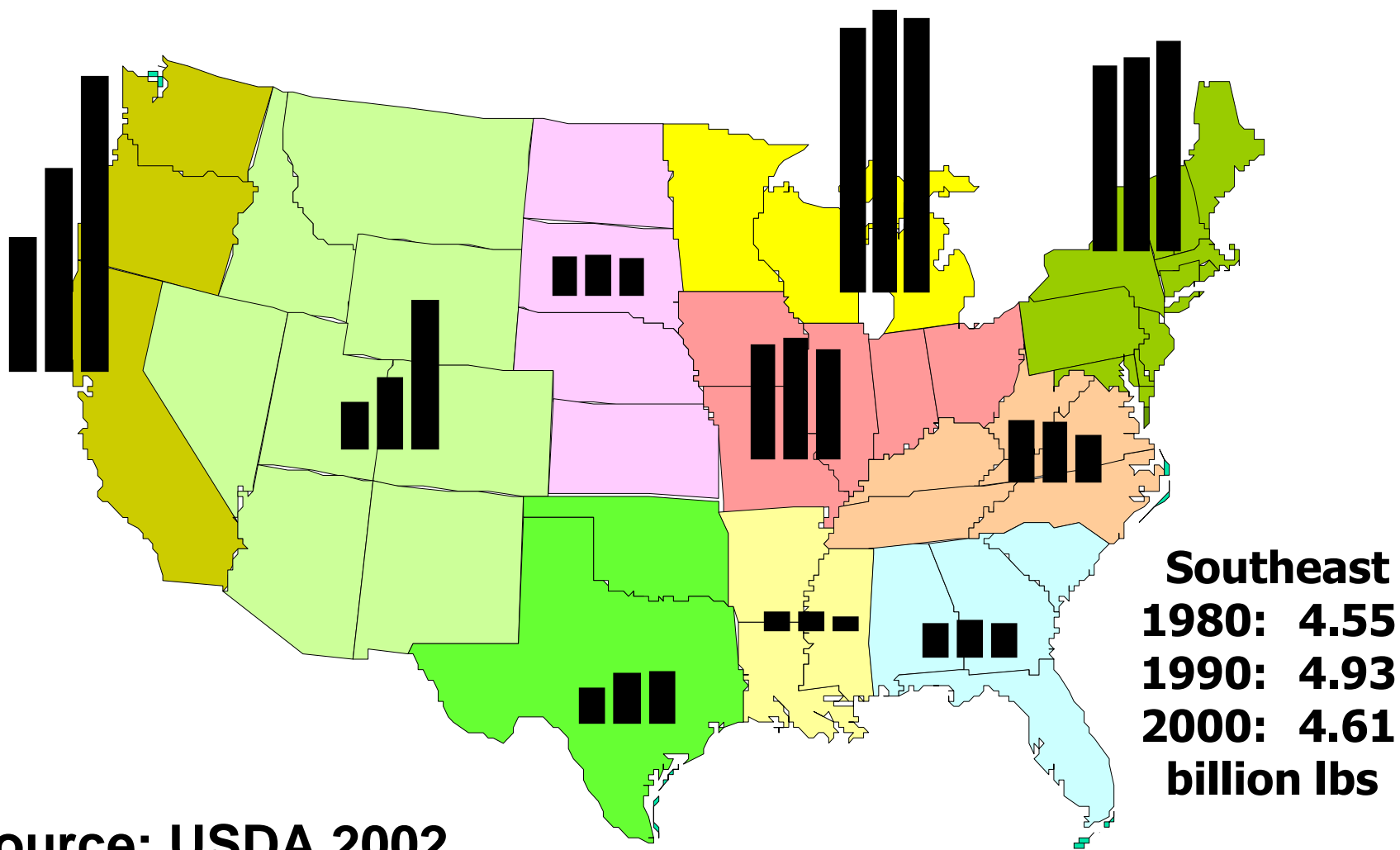
1980, 1990, 2000



Source: USDA 2002

Milk Production (lbs)

1980, 1990, 2000



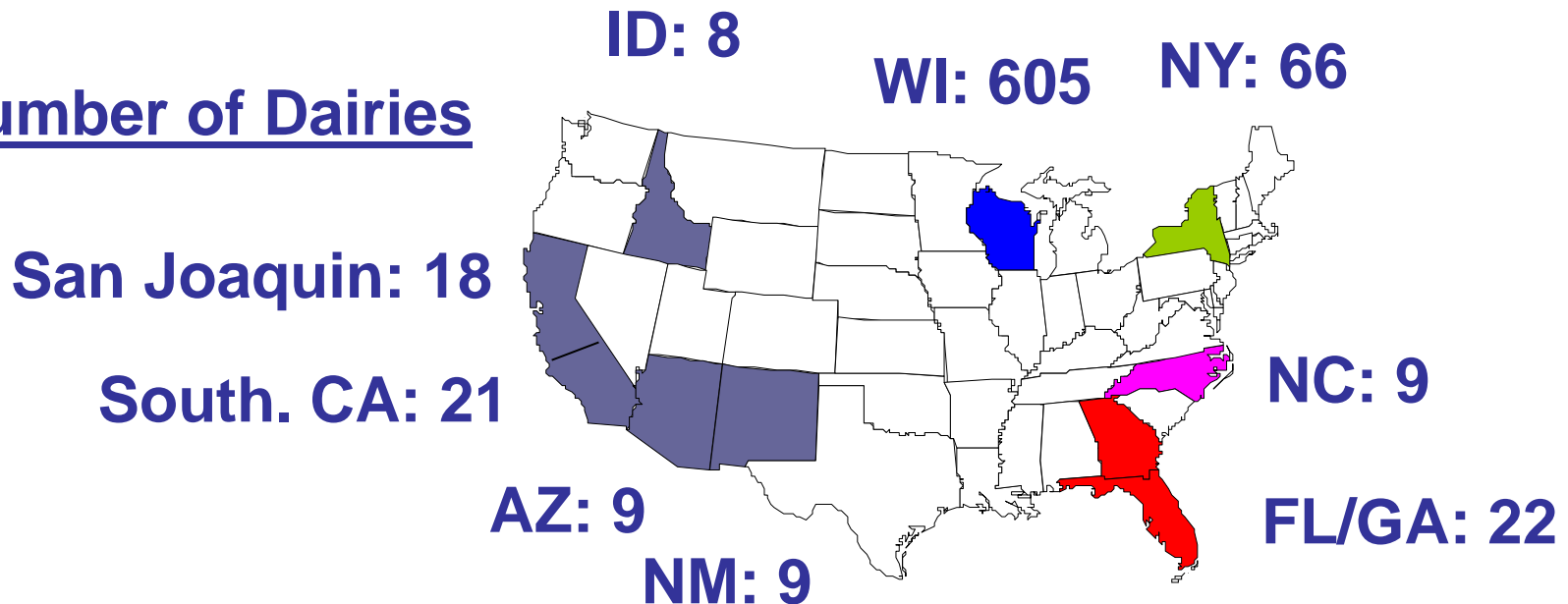
Source: USDA 2002

Year 2000

Economic Comparison: Challenges

- Are methods the same?
- Is data representative for region?
- Averages don't say it all.

Number of Dairies



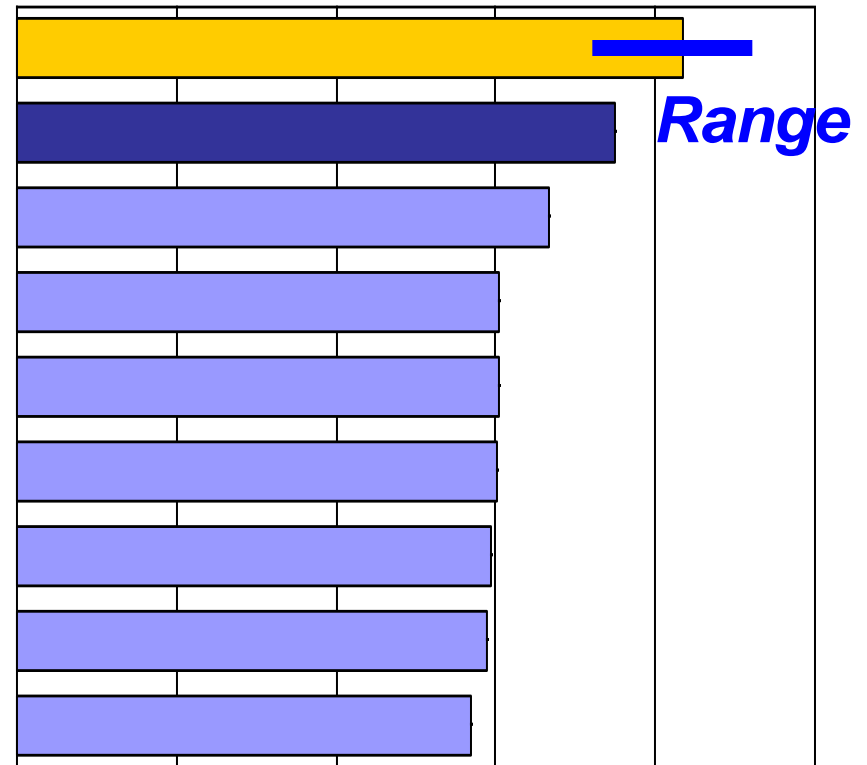


Milk Sales / cwt (\$)



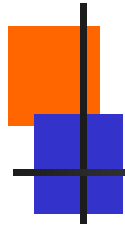
0 4 8 12 16 20

Florida / Georgia	16.68
North Carolina	14.98
New York	13.32
Arizona	12.07
New Mexico	12.06
South. California	12.04
San Joaquin Val.	11.88
Wisconsin	11.76
Idaho	11.40



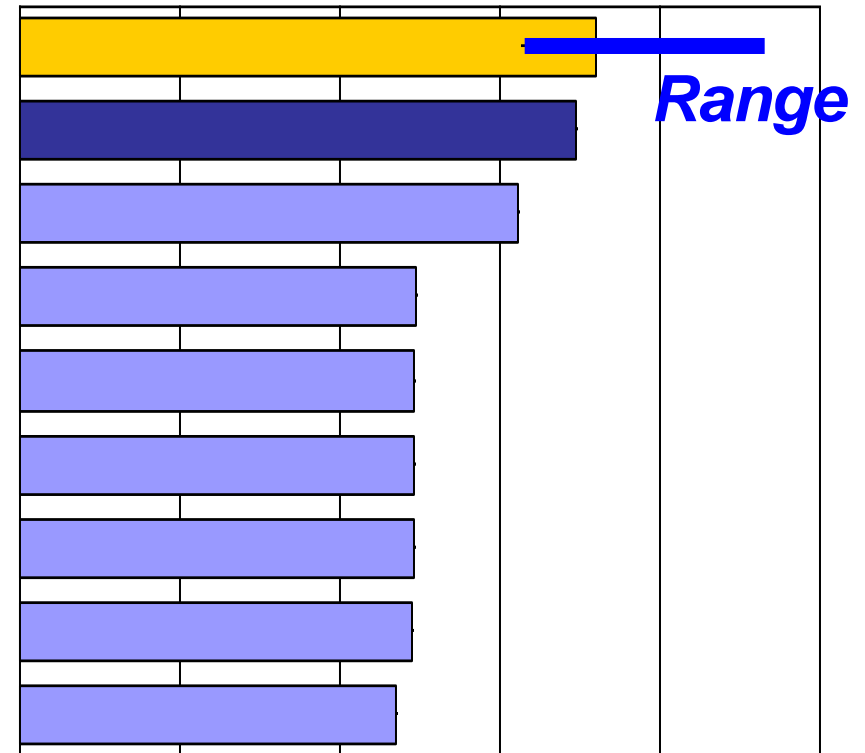


Total Revenues / cwt (\$)



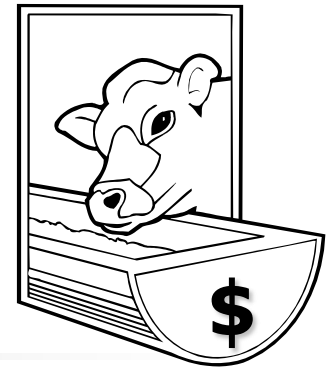
0 5 10 15 20 25

Florida / Georgia	18.03
North Carolina	17.37
New York	15.58
New Mexico	12.39
South. California	12.34
Wisconsin	12.33
Arizona	12.33
San Joaquin Val.	12.28
Idaho	11.76

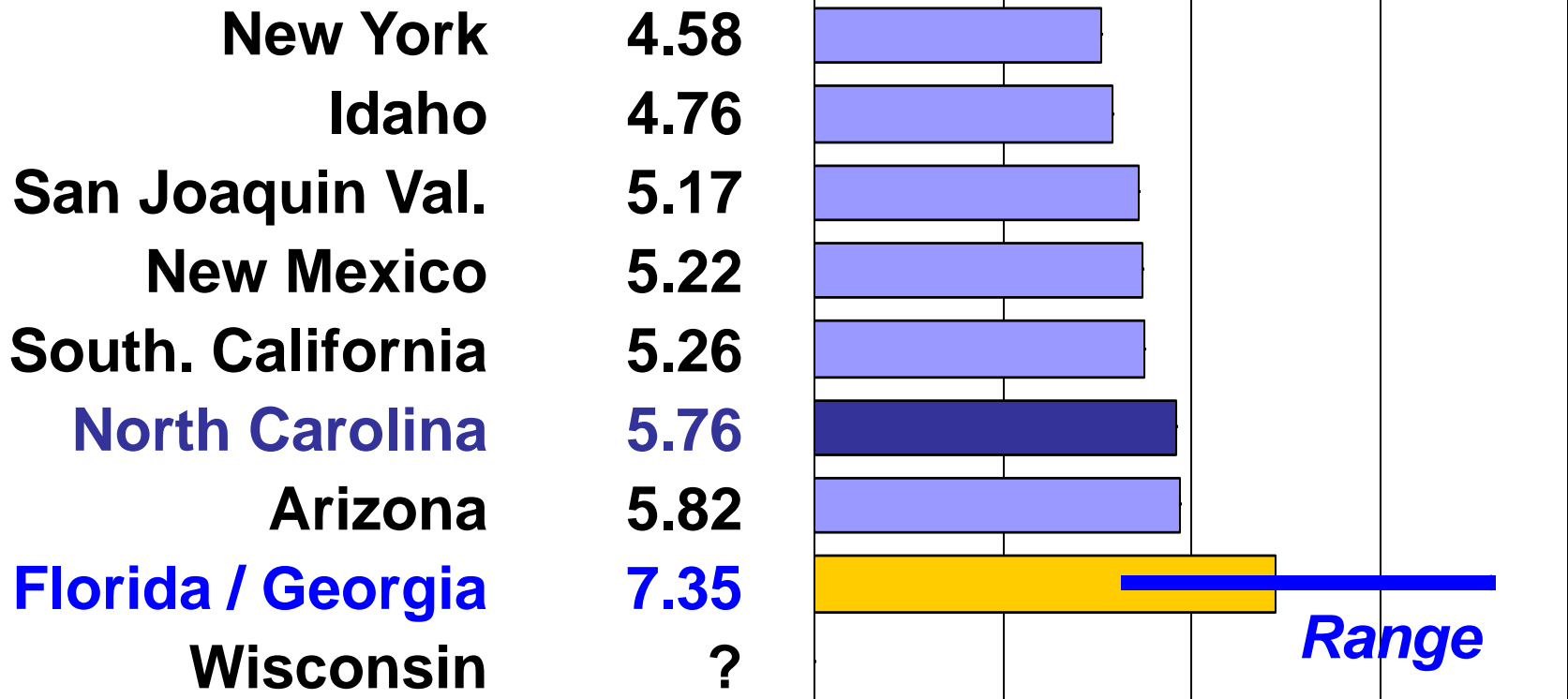


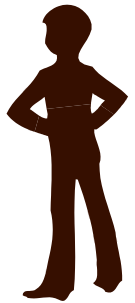


Feed Cost / cwt (\$)



0 3 6 9 12

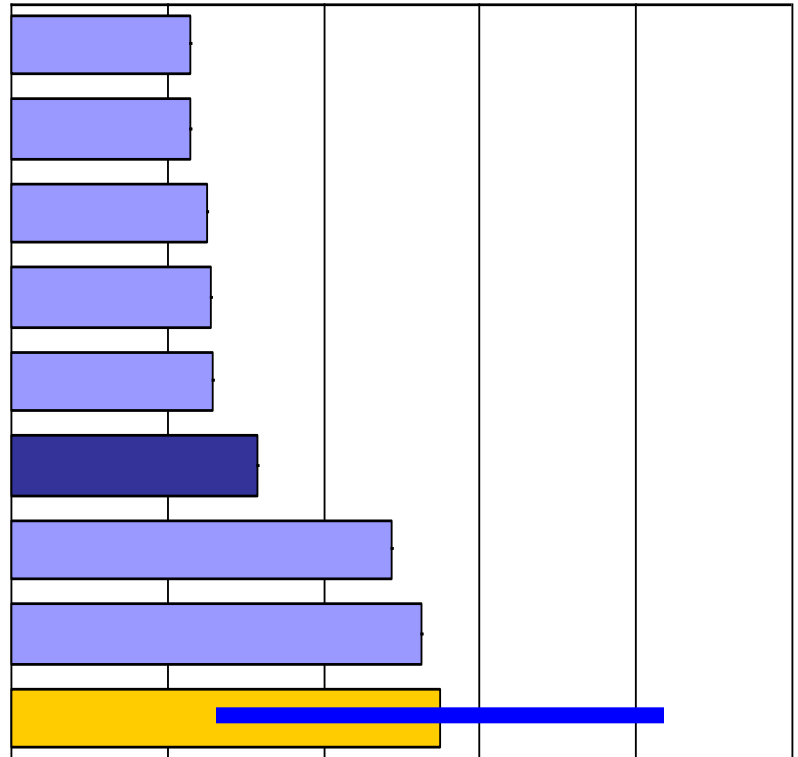




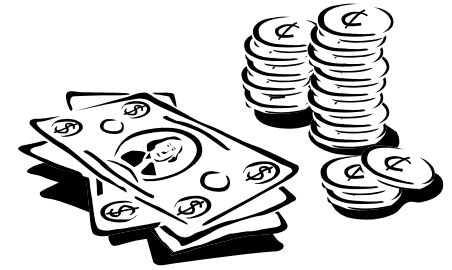
Labor Cost / cwt (\$)

0 1 2 3 4 5

New Mexico	1.15
San Joaquin Val.	1.15
Idaho	1.25
Arizona	1.28
South. California	1.29
North Carolina	1.58
Wisconsin	2.44
New York	2.62
Florida / Georgia	2.74



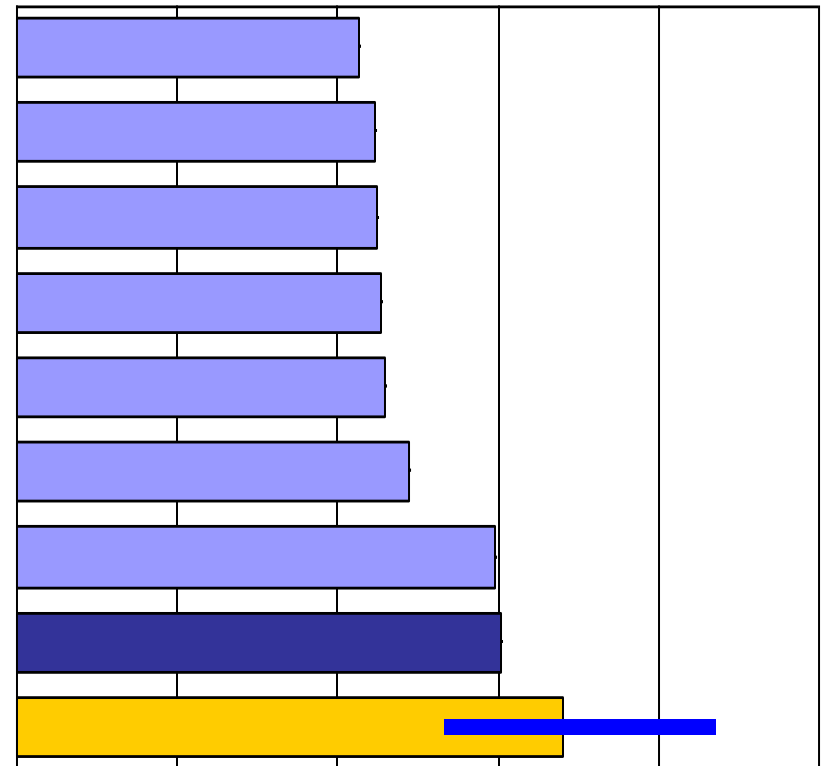
Range



Total Cost / cwt (\$)

0 5 10 15 20 25

Idaho	10.65
Wisconsin	11.13
South. California	11.24
San Joaquin Val.	11.33
New Mexico	11.46
Arizona	12.21
New York	14.92
North Carolina	15.08
Florida / Georgia	17.03



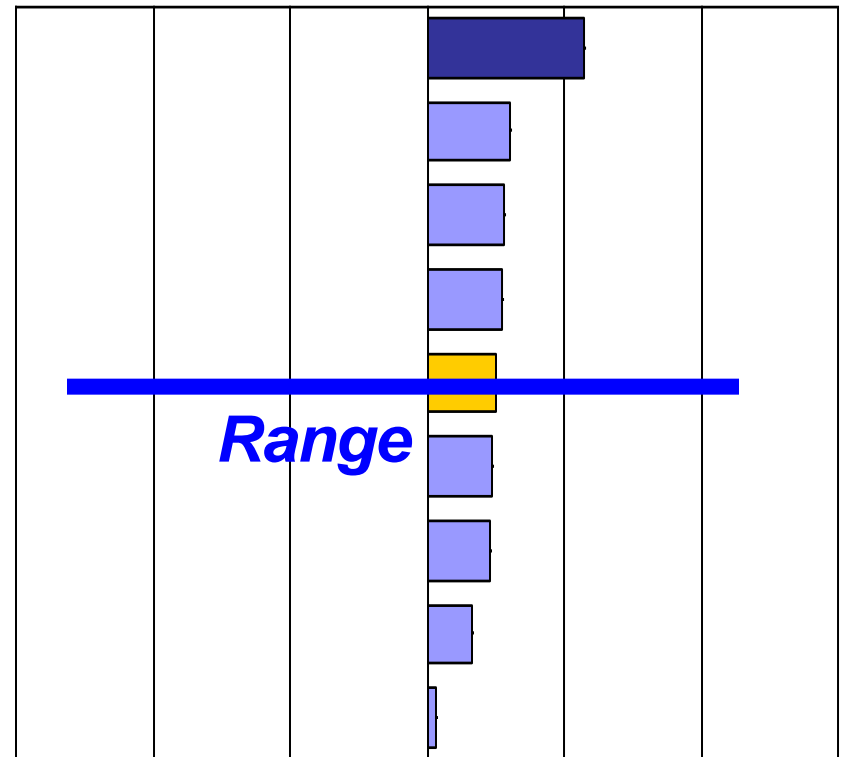
Range

**Revenue – Cost =
Net Income / cwt (\$)**



-6 -4 -2 0 2 4 6

North Carolina	2.29
Wisconsin	1.20
Idaho	1.11
South. California	1.10
Florida / Georgia	1.00
San Joaquin Val.	0.95
New Mexico	0.93
New York	0.66
Arizona	0.12



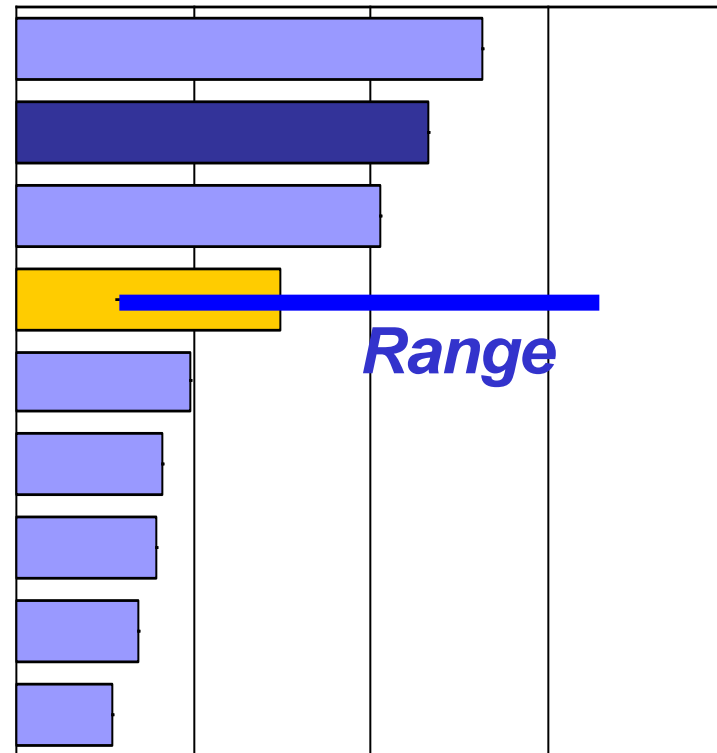


Assets / Cow (\$)



0 3000 6000 9000 12000

Wisconsin	7,911
North Carolina	6,995
New York	6,179
Florida / Georgia	4,460
Arizona	2,961
San Joaquin Val.	2,463
South. California	2,367
Idaho	2,071
New Mexico	1,616

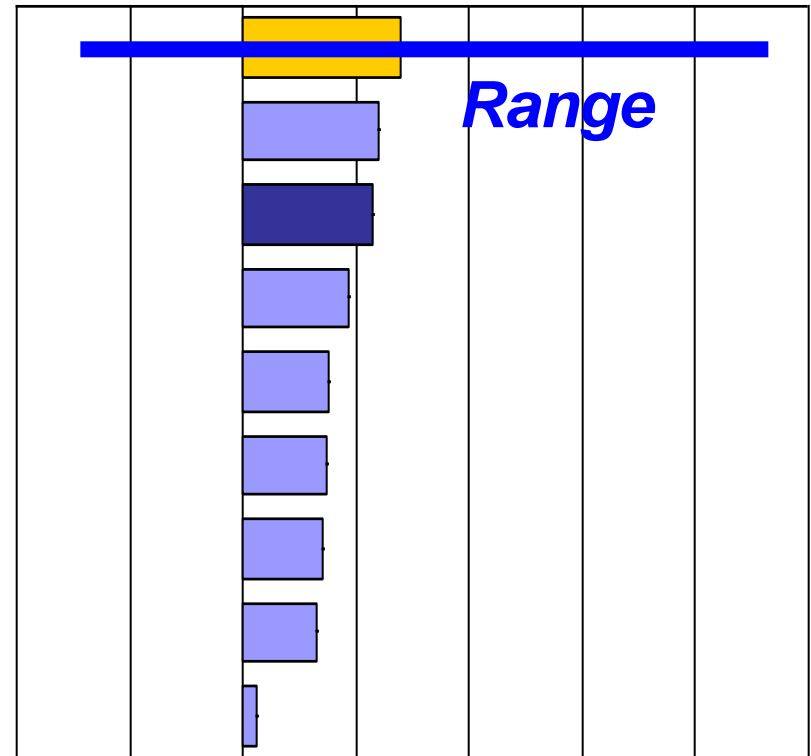




Rate of Return on Assets (%)

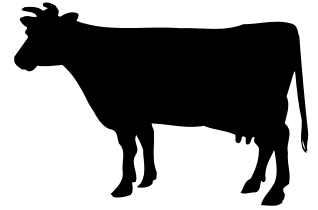
-10 -5 0 5 10 15 20 25

Florida / Georgia	7.0
Idaho	6.0
North Carolina	5.7
New Mexico	4.7
New York	3.8
South. California	3.7
Wisconsin	3.5
San Joaquin Val.	3.3
Arizona	0.6





Economic Comparison Summary



- **Southeast compared to other regions:**
 - Higher revenue / cwt
 - Higher cost / cwt
 - Competitive profitability
- **Considerable variation between farms in Florida / Georgia.**
- **Opportunity for well-managed herds.**



What do we need to do?

Opinions of leaders in the Southeast dairy industry:

I. Production Efficiency

- 1. Educate dairy producers how to maximize their resources:**
 - Focus on cost control.
 - Utilize what is already known about cow comfort, nutrition, genetics, reproduction, and production of quality milk.
- 2. Develop the technology and management systems to contribute to milk production by reducing costs through:**
 - Determining optimal crop and forage fertilization programs including the development of subtropical grasses.
 - Develop economically viable and environmentally sound weed and exotic plant control practices.
 - Improve feed efficiency to achieve proper balance of milk production with minimal nutrient excretion.
 - Better understanding of the role of feed supplements in heat-stressed conditions and their effect on digestion of feed stuffs.
 - Supplementation options and practices.
 - Grazing systems.

II. Reproduction, Genetics

1. Evaluate reproduction using a systems approach in addressing:
 - Reproductive efficiency.
 - Calving dates and seasons.
 - Calf and heifer development.
2. Genetics:
 - Continuous studies of breeds and breeding programs; crossbreeding.

III. Environment

1. **Gather new baseline data on dairy farms and their effect upon:**
 - **Air quality.**
 - **Water quality.**
 - **Water Use Practices for maximum milk production and water conservation.**
2. **Develop a viable education program that:**
 - **Assists the public's understanding of the importance of agriculture.**
 - **Educates dairy producers in Best Management Practices.**
 - **Develops guidelines for use of bio-solids and analysis of their environmental impact.**
3. **Analyze methane production systems used for:**
 - **Cooling.**
 - **Hot water generation.**
 - **Electricity generation.**
 - **Solids drying.**
 - **Rapid composting.**

IV. Housing, Equipment

- 1. Total confinement; tunnel barns**
- 2. Bedding options for comfort and management**
- 3. The role of milk equipment in mastitis control and overall milk quality.**

V. Economics

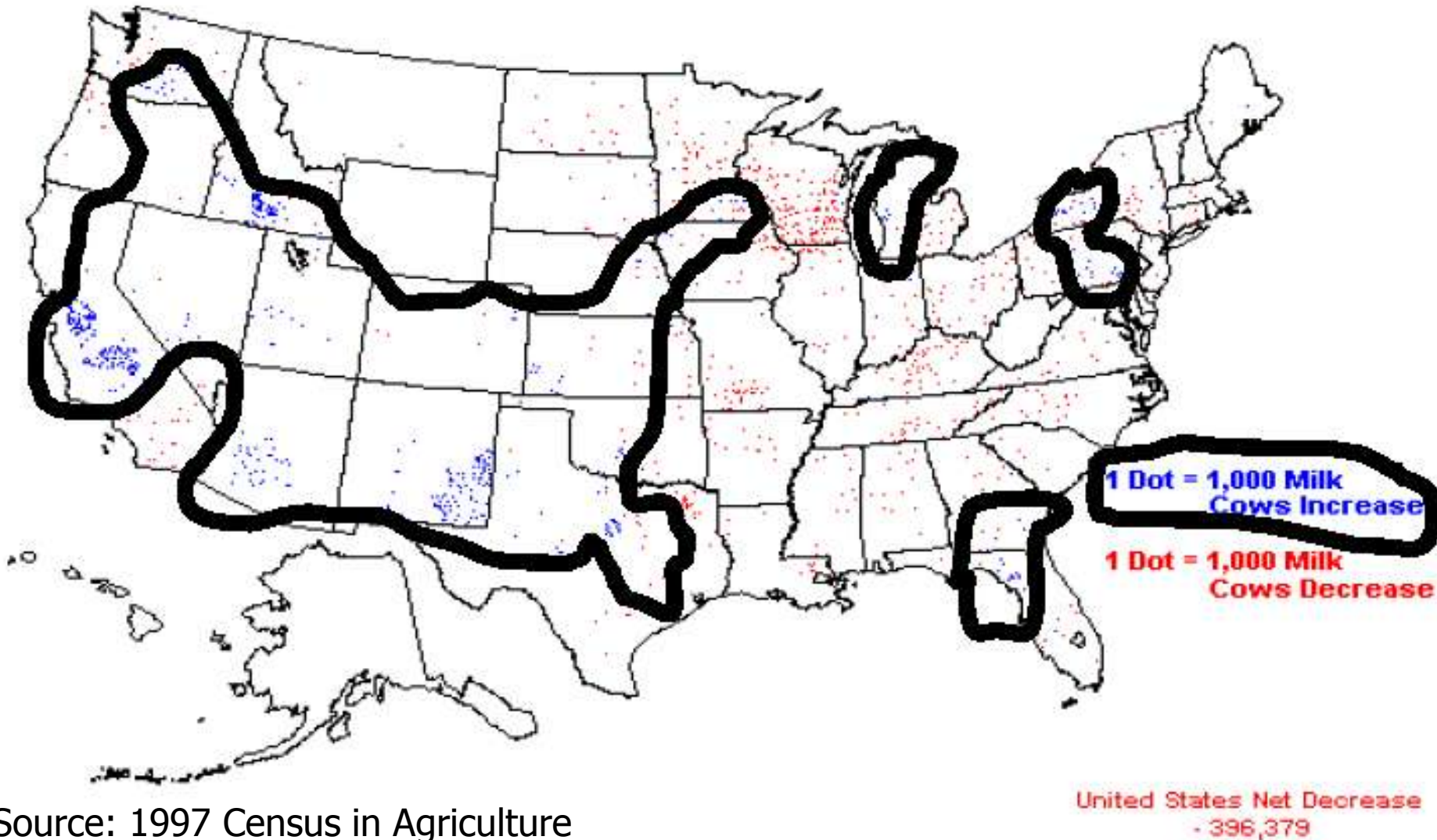
1. **Economic strategies to protect the local milkshed:**
 - **Production incentives for local milk production.**
 - **Federal order pooling strategies to protect local milk production.**
 - **Models for de-coupling of fluid milk pricing from manufacturing prices.**

Thank you for your attention

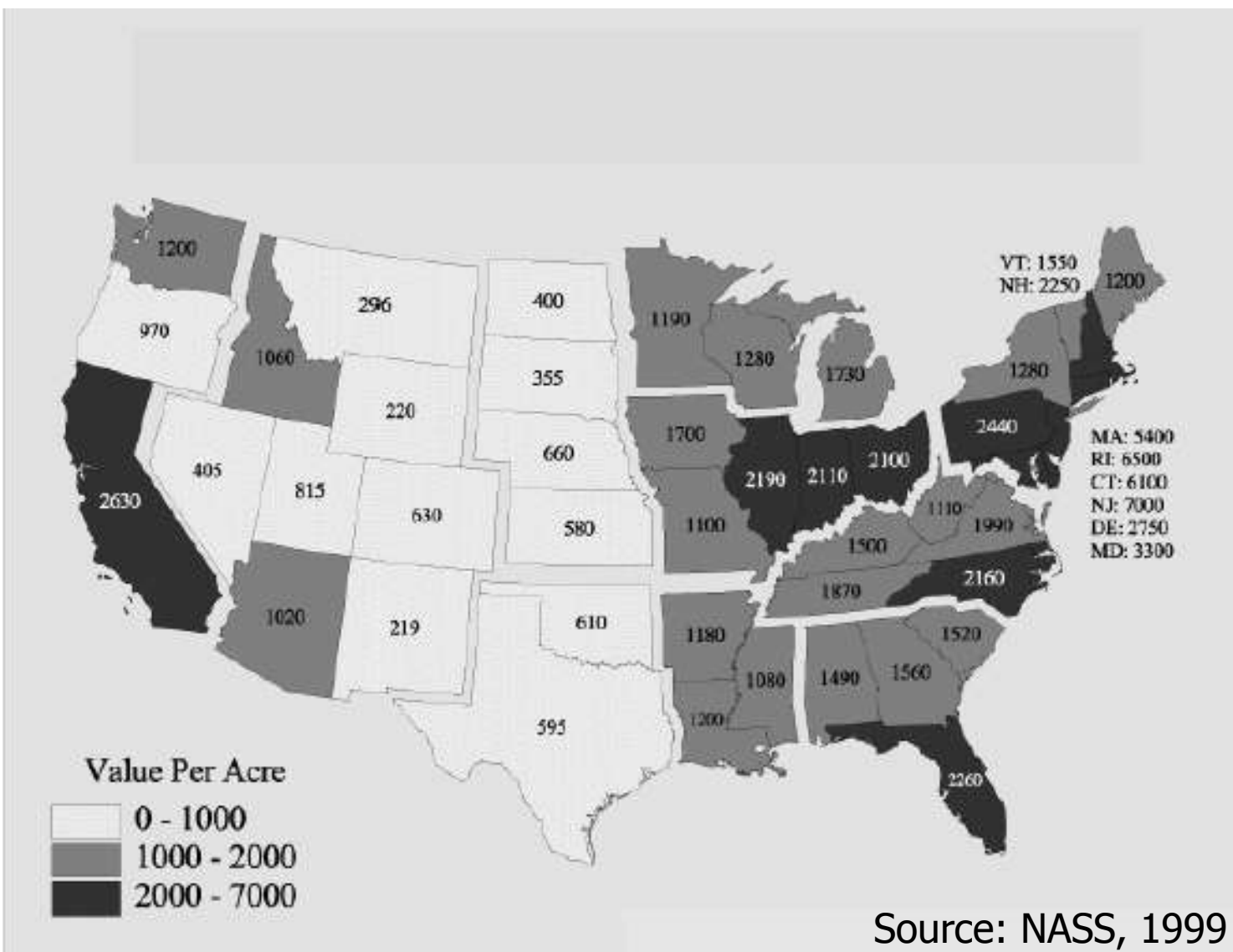


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Change in inventory of dairy cows from 1992 to 1997



Average farm real estate values per acre on January 1, 1999



Source: NASS, 1999

